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Rational design and evaluation of novel mRNA vaccines against MERS-CoV

Project Number	Former Number	Contact	Awardee
7R01AI137472-05	5R01AI137472-04	PI/Project Leader DU, LANYING	Organization GEORGIA STATE UNIVERSITY

Description

Abstract Text

Abstract Traditional strategies of **vaccine** development suffer from long-term and costly manufacture, and as a result, often fail to respond rapidly to newly emerging and reemerging infectious diseases. By contrast, messenger RNA (**mRNA**) is rising as a new technology platform to develop vaccines “on demand” against viral pathogens, offering attractive advantages such as cell-free production, non-viral delivery, as well as simple, fast and cost- effective manufacture. Further improvement upon mRNA's stability and translation efficiency, understanding of their immune mechanisms, and evaluation of their protective efficacy will facilitate the development of next-generation **mRNA vaccine** technologies against diverse viral pathogens. Middle-East respiratory syndrome (MERS) coronavirus (MERS-CoV) is a highly pathogenic, emerging infectious virus posing a continuous threat to public health worldwide. There are currently no MERS vaccines approved for use in humans. MERS-CoV spike (S) protein, particularly its receptor-binding domain (RBD), is an important **vaccine** target. We have previously shown that MERS-CoV RBD contains a critical neutralizing domain capable of inducing strong cross-neutralizing antibodies and protecting human dipeptidyl peptidase 4-transgenic (hDPP4-Tg) mice against MERS-CoV infection with outstanding efficacy. However, production of subunit vaccines and other traditional vaccines has limitations, such as low expression and complex purification. To address these unmet challenges, we propose to rationally design and evaluate novel **mRNA** vaccines, using MERS-CoV as a model pathogen and MERS-CoV S protein as a target antigen. We hypothesize that with appropriate modification and optimization, MERS-CoV S protein RBD-based **mRNA** vaccines will demonstrate improved stability, increased translation efficiency, and enhanced immunogenicity in both mouse and non-human primates (NHP) models, with protective efficacy on par with the RBD-based subunit **vaccine**. The specific aims are to (1) rationally design MERS-CoV **mRNA** vaccines with improved stability and translation efficiency, (2) carefully optimize **mRNA** formulations and immunization regimens towards in-vivo evaluation of their immunogenicity and mode of action in wild-type mice, and (3) comprehensively evaluate protective efficacy of MERS-CoV **mRNA** vaccines and elucidate their protective mechanisms in hDPP4-Tg mice and NHPs. Of note, we will also examine the utility of new technologies such as microfluidics and next-generation sequencing (NGS) analysis of B-cell response in **mRNA vaccine** development and evaluation. The long-term goal is to develop a safe and effective **mRNA vaccine** that is able to (1) maintain sufficient quantity and quality suitable for industrial- scale production, and (2) meet the WHO Target Product Profiles for rapid onset of immunity in outbreak settings and long-term protection of people at high ongoing risk of MERS-CoV. Together, the proposed project will shed light on protective mechanisms of **mRNA** vaccines, and provide much-needed information and guidelines for developing **mRNA** vaccines against diverse viral pathogens with pandemic potential.










Public Health Relevance Statement

Project Narrative Messenger RNA (mRNA) is emerging as a promising technology platform for developing safe and efficacious vaccines with capability for simple, fast, and cost-effective production. Using MERS-CoV as a model pathogen, the proposed project aims to rationally design and evaluate mRNA vaccine candidates with a focus on stability, translation efficiency, and protective efficacy. The in-depth analysis of newly developed vaccine candidates in vitro and in vivo will elucidate the mode of action and protective mechanisms for mRNA vaccines, and provide a robust platform for developing new vaccines in response to diverse viral pathogens with pandemic potential.

Project Terms

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7R01AI137472-05		5R01AI137472-04		PI/Project Leader		Organization	
				DU, LANYING		GEORGIA STATE UNIVERSITY	
Genetic Transcription		Goals	Guidelines	Human	Immune		
Immune response		Immunity	Immunization	Immunize	In Vitro		
Industrialization		Influenza	Injections	Light	Lipids	Measures	
Read More							

Details

Contact PI/ Project Leader	Other PIs	Program Official
Name DU, LANYING	Not Applicable	Name STEMMY, ERIK J
Title PROFESSOR		Contact erik.stemmy@nih.gov
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Organization

Name GEORGIA STATE UNIVERSITY	Department Type MISCELLANEOUS	State Code GA
City ATLANTA	Organization Type ORGANIZED RESEARCH UNITS	Congressional District 05
Country UNITED STATES (US)		

Other Information

FOA PA-18-590	Administering Institutes or Centers NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES	Project Start Date 01-July-2021
Study Section Vaccines Against Microbial Diseases Study. Section[VMD]	DUNS Number CFDA Code 837322494 855	Project End Date 31-January-2023
Award Notice		Budget Start Date 01-July-2021
Fiscal Year 2021	Date 15-July-2021	Budget End Date 31-January-2022










Project Funding Information for 2021

Total Funding \$554,964	Direct Costs \$431,729	Indirect Costs \$123,235
Year	Funding IC	
2021	NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES	\$554,964

Sub Projects

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No Publications available for 7R01AI137472-05



Patents

No Patents information available for 7R01AI137472-05



Outcomes

The Project Outcomes shown here are displayed verbatim as submitted by the Principal Investigator (PI) for this award. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed are those of the PI and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Institutes of Health. NIH has not endorsed the content below.

No Outcomes available for 7R01AI137472-05



Clinical Studies

No Clinical Studies information available for 7R01AI137472-05



News and More

Related News Releases

No news release information available for 7R01AI137472-05



History

No Historical information available for 7R01AI137472-05



Similar Projects

No Similar Projects information available for 7R01AI137472-05

Thank you for your feedback!